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L2: Entry 10 of 228

File: USPT

Nov 9, 2004

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 6816885 B1

TITLE: Method and system to handle large volume of E-mail received from a plurality of senders intelligently

#### Brief Summary Text (25):

To achieve the said objective this invention provides in a computing system a method to handle large volume of <a href="e-mail">e-mail</a> received from a plurality of <a href="senders">senders</a> intelligently, by automatically processing each <a href="email based">email based</a> on a pre-determined classification system and stored information, said method comprising the steps of: receiving and <a href="senderg">sending</a> the electronic mails, parsing the electronic mail header to capture keywords for the purpose of identifying the <a href="senderg">senderg</a>, the subject and specific key words and/or phrases, parsing the electronic mail body including attachments if any, for keywords and/or phrases for purpose of categorizing the <a href="mail">e-mail</a> for response, storing the said received <a href="mails">emails</a> in a personalized <a href="email">email</a> database (PED), analyzing the <a href="emails">emails</a> stored in the PED for identifying co-relations among received <a href="e-mails">e-mails</a> using an expert system (ES) with machine learning capabilities to assist the user in analyzing and preparing replies, preparing a reply template using a reply template generator (RTG), storing the <a href="email">email</a> replies in said PED, configuring said PED and said ES using an personalized <a href="email">email</a> database configurator (PEC) for updation.

#### Brief Summary Text (37):

In a computing system, a system to handle large volume of <u>e-mail</u> received from a plurality of <u>senders</u> intelligently, by automatically processing each <u>email based</u> on a pre-determined classification system and stored information, comprising: means for receiving and <u>sending</u> the electronic mails, <u>means</u> for parsing the electronic mail header to capture keywords for the purpose of identifying the sender, the subject and specific key words and/or phrases, means for parsing the electronic mail body including attachments if any, for keywords and/or phrases for purpose of categorizing the <u>e-mail</u> for response, means for storing the said received <u>emails</u> in a personalized <u>email</u> database (PED), means for analyzing the <u>emails</u> stored in the PED for identifying co-relations among received <u>e-mails</u> using an expert system (ES) with machine learning capabilities to assist the user in analyzing and preparing replies, means for preparing a reply template using a reply template generator (RTG), means for storing the <u>email</u> replies in said PED, means for configuring said PED and said ES using an personalized <u>email</u> database configurator (PEC) for updation.

#### Detailed Description Text (5):

searching of mailbox (MB) and new knowledge base (NKB) in personalized <a href="mailto:emailto

## <u>Current US Original Classification</u> (1): 709/206

 $\frac{\text{Current US Cross Reference Classification}}{709/207} \hspace{1.5cm} \textbf{(1):} \\$ 

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#### US006816885B1

### (12) United States Patent

Raghunandan

### (10) Patent No.:

US 6,816,885 B1

(45) Date of Patent:

Nov. 9, 2004

#### (54) METHOD AND SYSTEM TO HANDLE LARGE VOLUME OF E-MAIL RECEIVED FROM A PLURALITY OF SENDERS INTELLIGENTLY

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Karnataka (IN)

- (73) Assignee: International Business Machines Corporation, Armonk, NY (US)
- (\*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this
  - patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 713 days.
- (21) Appl. No.: 09/666,230
- (22) Filed: Sep. 21, 2000
- (51) Int. Cl. G06F 15/16 (52) U.S. Cl. 709/206; 709/207

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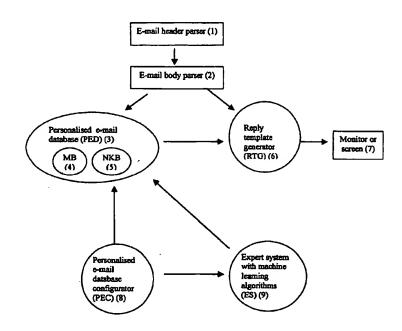
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Primary Examiner—Bunjob Jaroenchonwanit (74) Attorney, Agent, or Firm—Anthony V. S. England; T. Rao Coca; Manny Schecter

#### (57) ABSTRACT

This invention relates to a method, system and computer program product for intelligently handling a large volume of emails received from a plurality of senders by automatically parsing the email header and body to capture specified keywords and preparing a reply template using an expert system to analyze the received emails that are stored in a personalized email database.

#### 28 Claims, 4 Drawing Sheets



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Cenerate Collection

L13: Entry 15 of 173 File: USPT Oct 5, 2004

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 6801931 B1

TITLE: System and method for personalizing electronic mail messages by rendering the messages in the voice of a predetermined speaker

#### Detailed Description Text (8):

Referring now to FIG. 6, an exemplary environment 600 is illustrated. In two embodiments assocated with the environment of FIG. 6, the invention makes use of one or more mail servers associated with the sender, the recipient, or both. The environment 600 comprises a sender communciation device 610, a cellular base station 620, an outgoing e-mail server 630, a communications network 640, an incoming e-mail server 650, a cellular base station 660 and a recipient communication device 670. The sender uses the communication device 610 to communicate with the communications network 640, such as the public switched telephone network (PSTN), via the cellular base station 620. An outgoing e-mail server 630 associated with the sender uses a protocol such as SMTP to send e-mail messages over the Internet, or any such network, to the recipient's incoming e-mail server 650. Those skilled in the art, however, will realize that the sender and receiver may share the same mail server so that, in reality, only one mail server may be involved. The recipient's incoming e-mail server 650 uses a protocol such as Post Office Protocol (POP3) to retrieve the received e-mail message and forward it to the recipient's communication device 670 via cellular base station 660.

#### <u>Detailed Description Text</u> (9):

Referring now to FIG. 7A, a process 700 operating within the environment shown in FIG. 6 is illustrated. While creating the message payload at 210, the sender has the option of specifying that a set of basis vectors corresponding to a chosen speaker be attached to the message payload at the sender's outgoing e-mail server 640. This is done by means of an attachment indicator (AI) added at 710 to the message payload, such as to the message header. In one implementation, the AI is simply a bit (or ASCII digit) equal to 1 if the set of basis vectors is to be attached and 0 if the set of basis vectors is not to be attached to the message. In either case, only the message payload is uploaded from the sender's communication device to the sender's outgoing e-mail server 640 at 720. When the message payload is received at mail server 640, the mail server 640 checks the status of the AI at 730. If the AI is asserted, the mail server 640 attaches the set of basis vectors specified by the identifier to the message payload and forwards the combined electronic message to the next network node. Processing then proceeds at the recipient's end as explained above. The sets of basis vectors are stored at the outgoing e-mail server 640, not in either the sender's or recipient's communication device. Optionally, the set of basis vectors may be stored along with the sender's account profile at mail server 640.

### Detailed Description Text (11):

Referring now to FIG. 7B, another process 705 operating within the environment shown in FIG. 6 is llustrated. It is assumed that the sender has not attached a set of basis vectors to the message payload. The message is subsequently received by the <u>recipient's</u> incoming <u>e-mail server</u> 650 at 750. The recipient, at 760, requests the message from the server 650. When the recipient sends the request to download new messages from mail server 650, the recipient also sets an optional rendering

indicator (RI) within the message retrieval request. This data element is very similar to the AI explained previously and may be a bit or single ASCII digit that controls whether or not the incoming e-mail server 650 attaches a set of basis vectors for text-to-speech processing to the received message payload. If the RI is asserted at 770, the mail server 650 attaches the set of basis vectors indicated by the identifier included in the message payload at 780. The various sets of basis vectors corresponding to different speakers are stored at the incoming e-mail server 650 rather than being stored at either the sender's or the recipient's communication device. It will be appreciated by those skilled in the art that the processes 700, 705 support the sending of different sets of basis vectors corresponding to different speakers from a single e-mail address.

 $\frac{\text{Current US Original Classification}}{709/206} (1):$ 

<u>Current US Cross Reference Classification</u> (3): 709/203

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Oct. 5, 2004

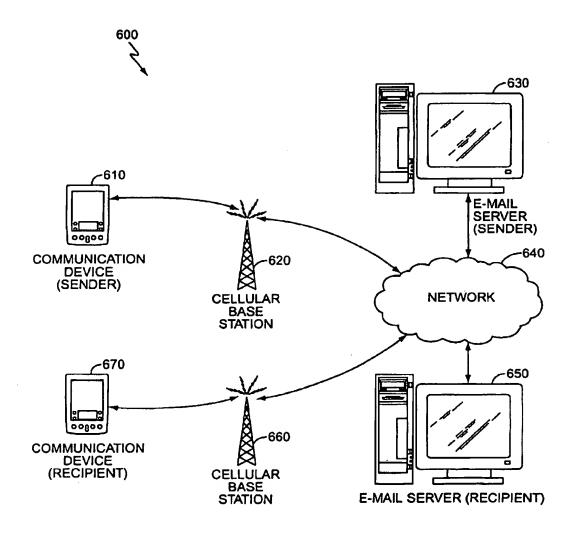


FIG. 6



### (12) United States Patent Tarbotton et al.

(10) Patent No.:

US 6,757,830 B1

(45) Date of Patent:

Jun. 29, 2004

#### **DETECTING UNWANTED PROPERTIES IN** RECEIVED EMAIL MESSAGES

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Santa Clara, CA (US)

(\*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this

patent is extended or adjusted under 35

U.S.C. 154(b) by 822 days.

(21) Appl. No.: 09/678,688

Filed: Oct. 3, 2000

(51) Int. Cl.<sup>7</sup> ...... G06F 11/30; G06F 12/14

U.S. Cl. ...... 713/188; 713/200; 713/201; (52)

Field of Search ...... 709/206; 713/188, 713/200, 202, 201; 714/26, 38; 707/3

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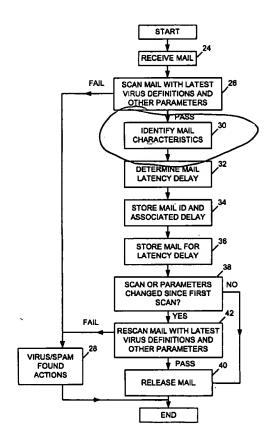
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Primary Examiner-Emmanuel L. Moise (74) Attorney, Agent, or Firm-Silicon Valley IP Group, PC; Kevin J. Zilka; Christopher J. Hamaty

#### **ABSTRACT**

Received e-mail messages are subject to a minimum delay period determined in dependence upon characteristics of the e-mail message received. Prior to release of the e-mail message upon expiry of the minimum delay period a check is made that the most up-to-date anti-virus and antispamming tests have been applied to the e-mail message. Characteristics that may be used to determine the minimum delay period applied include sender characteristics, recipient characteristics, attachment type characteristics and message content type characteristics.

#### 45 Claims, 8 Drawing Sheets



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L11: Entry 3 of 25

File: USPT

Jun 29, 2004

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 6757830 B1

TITLE: Detecting unwanted properties in received email messages

#### Drawing Description Text (3):

FIG. 1 schematically illustrates the passage of an  $\underline{e-mail}$  message from a sender to a recipient via a plurality of mail servers including anti-virus systems;

#### Detailed Description Text (13):

FIG. 4 schematically illustrates a sequence of rules that may be applied to received e-mail messages in order to determined the minimum delay period to be applied. These rules may be generated and applied in a manner similar to rule <u>based</u> processing performed for other purposes by existing known <u>e-mail</u> systems (e.g. rules <u>based</u> processing for automatic <u>forwarding</u> or filing of received <u>e-mails</u>).

<u>Current US Cross Reference Classification</u> (1): 709/226

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